

“DALLAS, TX – Nov. 10, 1998 – Stents reduce restenosis rates significantly over the past decade, but cardiologists have been somewhat frustrated by the problem of in-stent restenosis. Now researchers report at the 71st Scientific Sessions of the American Heart Association in Dallas, TX, say radiation therapy may produce a dramatic reversal of that emergent problem.”

Chapter 11

Cardiology Revisited: Radioactive Stents

The ignorance of modern cardiology about the disease that the profession is charged with treating has resulted in a frightening development. Medical researchers are now headed down a bizarre path that subjects trusting heart patients to high-dose radiation pellets in their arteries!

BARCELONA — High-dose beta radiation, delivered along with balloon angioplasty or stenting, appears to reduce restenosis at six months in coronary vessels, Swiss researchers report. Using a system still under development, doctors at University Hospital in Geneva, along with colleagues in four other European centers, tested the feasibility of using intracoronary beta radiation in the treatment of de novo lesions. They found beta radiation produced “a significant, dose-dependent inhibitory effect on restenosis after PTCA (percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty) and a beneficial effect on remodeling,” principal investigator Dr. Vitali Verin told doctors.